



Rochebrun Meadow Rue

Thalictrum rochebrunianum

Plant Height: 3 feet

Flower Height: 5 feet

Spread: 24 inches

Spacing: 18 inches

Sunlight:

Hardiness Zone: 4

Ornamental Features

Rochebrun Meadow Rue features airy spikes of lilac purple flowers with lemon yellow overtones rising above the foliage from mid to late summer. The flowers are excellent for cutting. Its round leaves remain bluish-green in color throughout the season. The fruit is not ornamentally significant. The deep purple stems are very colorful and add to the overall interest of the plant.

Landscape Attributes

Rochebrun Meadow Rue is an open herbaceous perennial with a rigidly upright and towering form. Its medium texture blends into the garden, but can always be balanced by a couple of finer or coarser plants for an effective composition.

This is a relatively low maintenance plant, and should be cut back in late fall in preparation for winter. It is a good choice for attracting bees and butterflies to your yard, but is not particularly attractive to deer who tend to leave it alone in favor of tastier treats. It has no significant negative characteristics.

Rochebrun Meadow Rue is recommended for the following landscape applications;

- Accent
- Mass Planting
- General Garden Use
- Naturalizing And Woodland Gardens



Rochebrun Meadow Rue flowers
Photo courtesy of NetPS Plant Finder



Rochebrun Meadow Rue in bloom
Photo courtesy of NetPS Plant Finder

Plant Finder



Planting & Growing

Rochebrun Meadow Rue will grow to be about 3 feet tall at maturity extending to 5 feet tall with the flowers, with a spread of 24 inches. When grown in masses or used as a bedding plant, individual plants should be spaced approximately 18 inches apart. It grows at a medium rate, and under ideal conditions can be expected to live for approximately 10 years.

This plant does best in partial shade to shade. It requires an evenly moist well-drained soil for optimal growth. It is not particular as to soil type or pH. It is somewhat tolerant of urban pollution. This species is not originally from North America. It can be propagated by division.

